1998 CALIFORNIA TRANSPORTATION PLAN

OVERVIEW

John Barna
Deputy Secretary
Business, Transportation
& Housing Agency

Project Goals

- Improve transportation investment decisions by developing objective measures of system performance.
- Establish a strategic understanding and response to goods movement transportation issues.

State Plan Background

- Implementation update of the 1993 CTP.
- Two focus actions:
 - □ System performance measures.
 - □ Statewide goods movement strategy.

1993 Plan Framework

- Three fundamental policies:
 - Foster economic development,
 - Enhance transportation system safety, reliability and improvement; and
 - Protect the environment.

1993 PLAN FRAMEWORK (Con't

- Three critical recommendations:
 - Commission on transportation investment
 - Statewide goods movement strategy
 - State's role in non-highway modes of transportation

Development Process

- Business Transportation & Housing Agency led effort.
- Three advisory committees:
 - CTP Policy Advisory Committee
 - Statewide Intermodal Goods Movement Advisory Committee (SIGMAC)
 - Transportation Assessment Steering Committee (TASC)

Desired Outcomes

- Transportation investment decisions based on improved understanding of system performance.
- Improved goods movement mobility and access, through transportation system improvements and operational changes.

Remaining Steps

- Public review and comment through may 12.
- Three CTP public review forums.
- Document revision through may.
- □ Final PAC meeting June 9, 1998.
- Delivery to the governor- June 30.

"Comment" Means

- Oral comment at forums
- Written comments by e-mail to Caltrans at "ctp98.Trmx3.Dot. Ca.Gov"
- Written comments by mail to Caltrans at:

California Department of Transportation Transportation Planning Program, MS-32 PO Box 942874 Sacramento, CA 94274-0001 Attn.: CTP Project Coordinator



1998 CALIFORNIA TRANSPORTATION PLAN

Allan Hendrix
Deputy Director
Transportation Planning
Caltrans

Statewide Goods Movement Strategy

Discussion Draft
March 1998

Purpose

The Statewide Goods Movement Strategy is a strategic policy and action blueprint for improving the goods movement transportation system.

- Improve multi-modal access and mobility for goods.
- Manage the transportation system based on system performance and customer expectations.

Objectives

- Reduce nonrecurrent delay
- Reduce recurrent delay
- Reduce system maintenance backlogs

Objectives (Continued)

- Reduce border delays
- Improve intermodal access and connections
- Reduce regulatory costs

Objectives (Continued)

- Develop improved analysis tools and information
- Expand and strengthen partnerships

Strategic Policies

Goods movement must be given full and appropriate consideration in the planning, design, development, operation, maintenance, and funding of the State's transportation system.

Strategic Policies (Continued)

Statewide system investments should be focused on the highest volume interregional corridors and facilities.

Strategic Policies (continued)

The State recognizes that the other elements of the goods movement system must also be maintained.

Strategic Policies (continued)

The State shall participate in the planning, developing, and funding of each modal component.

Strategic Policies (continued)

The State shall pursue cost-effective new technology and operational strategies.

Actions Recommended

- 38 actions over seven categories are recommended.
- Most of the actions represent multiple specific projects or operational changes.

Action Examples

- Develop the State highway system evaluate truck-only facilities
- Expand development of grade separations
- Improve terminal access

Action Examples (continued)

- Develop a goods movement project funding guidebook
- Streamline commercial vehicle registration

ACTION CATEGORIES/EXAMPLES

- Capacity constraints/network developmer
 - Develop State highway system prepare major investment studies
 - Expand border infrastructure
- Design restrictions
 - Identify design restrictions

Action Categories/ Examples (continued)

- Operational improvements
 - Develop border operational improvements
- Safety and maintenance improvements
 - Expand highway safety monitoring and warning systems
- New technology development and implementation

Action Categories/Examples (continued)

- Funding and programming enhancement and planning needs
 - Develop goods movement project funding guidebook
 - Develop goods movement local accommodation and impacts guide

Action Categories/Examples (continued)

- Policy, regulatory and institutional improvements
 - Streamline commercial vehicle registration process

Who, When, Where?

- Implementation is to occur over two to 10 years, involving:
 - □ State CTC, Caltrans, CHP, PUC
 - Regional RTPAs/ MPOs/ County TC (regional freight advisory councils)
 - Local Airports, seaports; cities & counties
 - Private sector Shippers, carriers, service providers



TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM PERFORMANCE MEASURES

DISCUSSION DRAFT March 1998

Purpose

- To develop indicators/measures to assess the performance of California's multi-mode transportation system to support informed transportation decisions by public officials operators, service providers, and system users.
- To establish a coordinated and cooperative process for consistent performance measurement throughout California.

- Understand the role the transportation system pair in society
- Focus on outcomes at the system level rather the projects and process (performance in the eye of customer)
- Build transportation system relationships (partner with clearly defined roles, adequate communication channels, and accountability at all levels
- Better illuminate and integrate transportation systems impacts of non-transportation decisions

Understand the role the transportation system plays in society

□ Focus on performance in the eye of the customer

Goals

 Clearly defined roles and accountability at all levels

Goals

Illuminate and integrate transportation system impacts of non-transportation decisions

Module Workplan

- Review existing performance measurement efforts
- Identify transportation system outcomes
- Develop indicators/measures which correlate to the outcomes
- Develop an implementation scheme
- Do it!!!!

- Mobility/accessibility
- Reliability
- Cost-effective
- Sustainability
- Environmental Quality
- □ Safety & Security
- Equity
- Customer Satisfaction
- D Economic Well-being

Mobility / Accessibility -- Reaching desired destinations with relative ease within a reasonable time, at a reasonable cost with reasonable choices.

Reliability -- Providing reasonable and dependable levels of service by mode.

Cost-effective -- Maximizing the current and future benefits from public and private transportation investments.

Sustainability -- Preserving the transportation system while meeting the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs

■ Environmental Quality -- Helping to maintain and enhance the quality of the natural and human environment.

OUTCOMES

■ SAFETY & SECURITY -Minimizing the risk of death,
injury, or property loss.

OUTCOMES

■ EQUITY-- Distributing benefits and burdens fairly.

□Customer Satisfaction -- Providing transportation choices that are convenient, affordable and comfortable.

Economic Well-being -Contributing to economic growth

Outcomes & Indicators

Mobility/Accessibility

- Travel time
- Delay
- Access to locations
- Access to system

Reliability

Variability of travel tin

Customer Satisfaction • Customer survey

Outcomes & Indicators

Cost-Effectiveness

- Benefit/Cost Ratio
- Outcome Benefit Per Cost

Sustainability

Household Transportation Costs

Economic Well-Being

 Final Demand (Value Transportation to Economy)

Outcomes & Indicators

Environmental Quality

 National & State standards

Safety & Security

Accident & crime rates

Equity

Benefits per income group

Overview

System Performance Outcomes

Estimated

by...

Performance Indicators

Calculated using...

Transportation Outputs

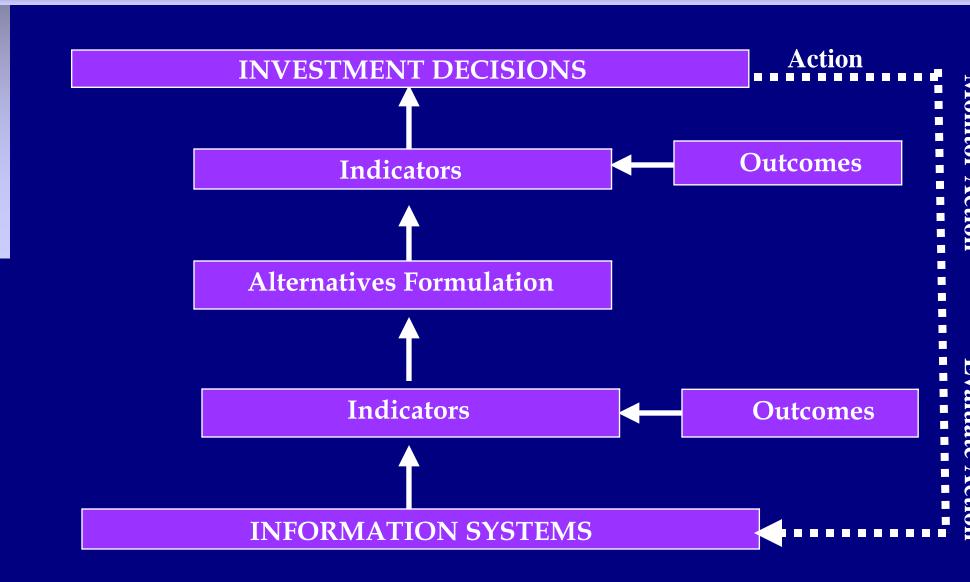
- Mobility and accessibility
- Reliability
- Cost effectiveness
- Economic wellbeing
- Sustainability
- Environmental quality
- Safety and security
- Equity
- Customer satisfaction
 Measured by...

- Delay (lost time)
- Travel time
- Variation in travel time
- Benefit cost ratio
- Accident rates
- Household transportation costs

Passenger surveybased customer satisfaction index

- Number of land
- Lane capacity
- On-time transit performance
- Fares
- Mode split
- Vehicle miles traveled
- Average speed
- Speed variation
- Average vehicl occupancy
- Incidents
- Accidents

The Process



How Does Performance Measurement Fit?

